Neatly demarcated

Land and forest use classification of the Apatani community

Broad category	Land use type (local name)	Description	Importance
Forest areas	• Bije	Individual bamboo forest, mixed with pine and oak (Castanopsis spp).	Bamboo, timber and fuelwood extraction for construction & household requirement
	Sansung	Individual forest (<i>Castanopsis</i> / pine dominant forest, mostly monoculture)	Extraction of timer, fuelwood and materials for ritual ceremony
	• Uru Moreh	Sub-clan forest (mostly mixed forest)	Extracting timber, bamboo, cane, fuelwood & other NTFPs for household. Collecting materials for rituals, hunting and rearing <i>mithun</i> (local bovine species)
	• Hallu morey	Clan forest (monoculture of pine, Castanopsis dominant & mixed forest)	Same as above
	Lemba Booth Morey	Village forest (mixed vegetation forest)	Same as above
	 Supung Booth Morey 	Community forest	Same as above
	Polung	Community/village grazing land	Grazing land for cattle
	Rantee	Sacred groves (Village land)	Restriction of extraction except for ritual purpose. Good seed bank for varieties of spp
Agriculture	• Ballu	Home garden	Varieties of vegetables, pulses, chillies etc, & millet nursery for garden & bund
	• Yollu	Vegetable garden	Same as above
	 Lyapyo 	Millet field	Millet cultivation
	 Aebe-Aji 	Wet-rice field	Rice-cum-fish culture
	 Ahi-Amii farang 	Fruit garden	Apple, pears, plum, peach etc
	 Ngyi su-per 	Fish pond	Particularly for raising fingerling for rice field
Settlement	Neshu Nechang	Granary	For storing rice, millet and other crops
	 Ude Nechang 	House	Household settlement
	Pede Pilley	Farm house	Particularly for agricultural purpose
	 Alyi giiri 	Pig pane	Rearing pig
Miscellaneous	Sukung	Well	For drinking water
	 Sugang 	Canal/streams	Irrigation purpose
	 Lenti lenda 	Road	Communication
	Killey	River	Natural gift of water for Apatani valley

Source: Mihing Dollo 2005, Apatani land use pattern, mimeo